

EDITORIAL NORMS

The **ARGOS journal** uses the APA style, which presents the citations within the text, placing the author's last name, the year of publication and the page in parentheses, not requiring the use of citations at the foot of the page.

In the case of collaborations sent to the **ARGOS journal**, the authors must adhere to the following rules:

GENERAL CRITERIA

Verbatim quotes must be enclosed in quotation marks.

Examples:

- a) "Thermidor and the Directory took the clinic as a decisive issue in the institutional reorganization of medicine" (Foucault, 2006, p.105).
- b) Foucault (2006, p.105) argued that "Thermidor and the Directory took the clinic as a decisive issue in the institutional reorganization of medicine"

When the citation is indirect (the author's idea is mentioned but it is not quoted verbatim), quotation marks or italics are not used. When the citation is indirect, it is not necessary to place the reference page.

Examples:

- a) For Foucault (2006), pathological anatomy represented, in this context, the objective, real and unquestionable foundation of the description of diseases.
- b) For the author, pathological anatomy represented, in this context, the objective, real and undoubted foundation of the description of diseases (Foucault, 2006).

When an author has more than one publication in the same year. The year of publication is accompanied by a lowercase letter to differentiate.

Examples:

Two recent studies (Smith, 1986a, p. 80; 1986b, p. 138) suggest that...

To cite a publication with multiple authors:

- Two authors: both names must be cited each time.

Examples:

(Duncan & Goddard, 2003, p.99).

- Three to five authors: the first time all authors must be cited. The following times, use the first name and "et al."

Examples:

First time: (Moore, Estrich, McGillis & Spelman, 1984, p.33)

Later: (Moore et al., 1984 p. 48)

- Six or more authors: in all cases, place the name of the first author followed by "et. al."

When the reference is placed in the text, place "and" before the last author. If the entire reference is in parentheses, use **&**.

When you have a document produced by an organization. The first time, the full name of the company must be mentioned and then its acronyms can be used.

Examples:

When first cited: The established policy (United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees [UNHCR], 2006, p. 35)...

When quoted the second time: The measures taken (UNHCR, 2006, p. 45)...

In the final reference list of the work, the full name of the organization must be placed.

To refer to a source whose author has not been identified, cite the first few words of the title (in italics if it is a book, in quotation marks if it is an article), followed by the year and the page.

Examples:

In the recent book (*Encyclopedia of Philosophy*, 1992, p. 164)...

In the article ("A look at medical care in Argentina", 1986, p.63) it is argued that...

In the event that the author appears as "Anonymous", it must be cited as such.

Examples:

(Anonymous, 1993, p. 52)

In all cases, the reference within the text must coincide with the bibliography.

STANDARDS FOR CITATION AND BIBLIOGRAPHY

To quote within the text it is also possible to do it as shown in the following examples:

- a) "Thermidor and the Directory took the clinic as a decisive issue in the institutional reorganization of medicine" (Foucault, 2006, p.105)
- b) For Foucault (2006) "Thermidor and the Directory took the clinic as a decisive issue in the institutional reorganization of medicine" (p. 105).

If citing research that was found in another work, it can be done in the following ways:

- a) Smith (1970, p.27) cites Brown (1967) who discovered that...
- b) Brown (1967), quoted by Smith (1970, p.27), found that...
- c) It was found (Brown, 1967, cited by Smith, 1970, p.27) that...

To cite interviews and emails:

Although it is not mandatory to cite it in the final bibliography, it is convenient to make a reference to the interview within the main body of the work.

Examples:

- a) ... and this point was conceded (J. Bloggs, personal interview, August 22, 2001)...

NORMS FOR THE PRESENTATION OF BIBLIOGRAPHY

General questions.

- A. A. The list of references must be ordered alphabetically by the last name of the author. Put all the references in the same list, that is, do not make separate lists for books, articles, websites, etc.
- B. B. When the source is signed anonymous, the reference begins with "Anonymous", followed by the year in parentheses, etc. If no author is listed, place the title in place of the author, followed by the year in parentheses.

Examples:

- a). Anonymous (2007), Popol Vuh, Buenos Aires: Editorial Losada S.A.
- b). 90% of children with HIV, without treatment (2008, December 1). The Nation, p. twenty-one
- c). When two or more publications by an author or group of authors have the same year of publication, they should be numbered with lowercase letters after the year. These letters will also be used when the sources are cited in the body of the text (see section "Citation rules", point 3).

Exampless:

- a) Harding, S. (1986a). The instability of the analytical categories of feminist theory. *Signs*, 11(4), 645-64.
- b) Harding, S. (1986b). *The science question in feminism*. Ithaca: Cornell University Press.
- c) The Harvard-APA format requires that the titles of books, magazines, encyclopedias, newspapers, etc., be highlighted in italics (also called italics).
- d) About page numbers in the bibliography: use pp. to designate the pages of articles in encyclopedias, newspapers, and chapters in books whose editor is responsible. For scientific magazines (journals) and mass circulation magazines use only the numbers (without p. or pp.).

Exampless:

- a) Lijphart, A. (1995). Electoral systems. In *The encyclopedia of democracy* (Vol. 2, pp. 412-422). London: Routledge.
- b) 90% of children with HIV, without treatment (2008, December 1). *The Nation*, p. twenty-one.
- c) Foglia, V. (1971). Bernardo A. Houssay (1887-1971). *Latin American Physiological Act*; vol. XXI, 267-285.

To quote within the text, only one p. Examples: (Foucault, 2006, p.25).

Books:

Author, initials. (year). Title of the book (edition number, if this is not the first edition). Place of publication: Publisher.

Exampless:

- a) American Psychological Association (1994). *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association* (5th Ed.). Washington, D.C.: Author.
- b) *Encyclopedia of Psychology* (1976). London: Routledge.
- c) Foucault, M. (2006). *The birth of the clinic. An archeology of the medical gaze*, Buenos Aires: Siglo XXI Editores.
- d) Moore M. H., Estrich, S., McGillis, D., & Spelman, W. (1984). *Dangerous criminals: the elusive target of justice*. Cambridge: Harvard University Press.
- e) Strunk, W., & White, E.B. (1979). *Elements of Style* (3rd ed.). New York: Macmillan.

Cite up to six (6) authors. If there are seven (7) or more, place the last name and initials of the first author and then "et al."

Exampless:

- f) Ruggiero, H. et al. (1982), *Argentine Hemorrhagic Fever*. Buenos Aires: The Athenaeum.

Books whose author is a publisher:

Publisher, initials. (Ed.). (year). Title of the book (edition number, if this is not the first edition, number of volumes if there is more than one). Place of publication: Publisher.

Examples:

- a) Boron, A. (Ed.). (2003), Modern political philosophy. From Hobbes to Marx (3rd Ed.), Autonomous City of Buenos Aires: CLACSO.
- b) Maher, B.A. (Ed.). (1964-1972). Progress in experimental personality research (6 vols.). New York: Academic Press.

Chapter in a book whose author is an editor:

Author of the chapter, initials. (year). Chapter title. In Initials, Name(s) of the editor(s) (Ed.), Title of the book (pp. pages where the chapter begins and ends). Place of publication: Publisher.

Examples:

- a) Rossi, M.A. (2003), Approaches to the political thought of Immanuel Kant. In A. Boron (Ed.), Modern political philosophy. From Hobbes to Marx (p.189-212), Autonomous City of Buenos Aires: CLACSO.
- b) Vygotsky, L.S. (1991). Genesis of the higher mental functions. In P. Light, S. Sheldon, & M. Woodhead (Eds.), Learning to think (pp. 32-41). London: Routledge.

Articles in scientific journals:

Author, initials. (year). Article title. Title of the journal, volume (number, if any), pages on which the article begins and ends. Place the page number directly (it is not preceded by the abbreviation p. or pp.).

Examples:

- a) Foglia, V. (1971). Bernardo A. Houssay (1887-1971). Latin American Physiological Act; vol. XXI, 267-285.
- b) Martí, M. L. (1973). The discovery of insulin and its repercussion in Argentina. Argentine medicine and therapeutics, vol. 1(1), 22-28.
- c) McLaren, A. (1993). Privileged communications: medical confidentiality in late Victorian Britain. Medical History 37(2), 129-147.
- d) Popper, S.E. & McCloskey, K. (1993). Individual differences and subgroups within populations: the shopping bag approach. Aviation Space and Environmental Medicine, 64(1), 74-77.

Articles in mass circulation journals or newspapers:

Author, initials. (year, date). Article title. Title of the magazine or newspaper, pages where the article begins and ends.

If the author is not listed, start with the title of the article, followed by the year and date.

Examples:

- a) Young, H. (1996, July 25). Battle of snakes and ladders. The Guardian, p.15.
- b) 90% of children with HIV, without treatment (2008, December 1). The Nation, p. twenty-one.
- c) Women's health in the XXI century. Woman (1999, August), 12.

Interviews and email:

Because material from interviews and emails cannot be reproduced for anyone reading a research paper, citing it in the final bibliography is not required. However, it is convenient to make a reference to the interview within the main body of the work.

Examples:

...and this point was conceded (J. Bloggs, personal interview, August 22, 2001)...

electronic sources:

Author, initials. (year). Title. Obtained the day, month, year of Web address.

If the document date is not shown, use n.d. (no date, no date).

If the author is not listed, start the reference with the title of the document.

If the document is part of a large site, such as a university or official institution, put the name of the organization or department in question before annotating the URL.

Examples:

- a) Banks, I. (n.d.). The NHS Direct healthcare guide. Retrieved August 29, 2001, from www.healthcareguide.nhsdirect.nhs.uk
- b) Deciding your future (2000). Retrieved September 5, 2001 from University of Portsmouth, Careers Service:
www.port.ac.uk/departments/careers/plancareer/deciding-your-future.htm
- c) Alexander, J. & Tate, M.A. (2001). Evaluating web resources. Retrieved August 21, 2001, from Widener University, Wolfgram Memorial Library:
www2.widener.edu/Wolfgram-Memorial-Library/webevaluation/webeval.htm

Do not place the Web address (URL) in the body of the text, only in the bibliography. To refer to the site in the text, mention the author or the first words of the website title.

Electronic journals that reproduce a printed version:

Use the same reference as articles in printed scientific journals, only adding [Electronic version] after the title of the article.

Examples:

- a) Moral de Calatrava, P. (2006). Abortion in sixteenth-century Castilian medical literature [Electronic version]. *Dynamis, Acta Hispanica ad Medicinae Scientiarumque Historiam Illustrandam*, 26, 39-68.
- b) Cleminson, R. (2006). «A century of civilization under the influence of eugenics»: Dr. Enrique Diego Madrazo, socialism and scientific progress [Electronic version]. *Dynamis, Acta Hispanica ad Medicinae Scientiarumque Historiam Illustrandam*, 26, 221-251.

If reference is made to an electronic article whose format differs from its printed version or that includes additional data or comments, it is necessary to include the date on which the article was obtained and the URL.

Examples:

Wintour, P. (2005, May 18), Blair highlights his agenda is a moral certainty [Electronic version]. *The Guardian*. Retrieved May 18, 2005, from The Guardian website.
<http://politics.guardian.co.uk/queensspeech2005/story/0.16013/1486296.00.html>

Articles in journals that are only found in electronic format:

Author, initials. (year, month of publication). Article title. Magazine, volume (number). Obtained on the day, month, year of URL.

Examples:

Fernández, A. J. (2008, November), The first Positivism. Some considerations on social thought in Saint Simon and Comte. *Social conflict*, 1 (0). Retrieved December 10, 2008 from <http://www.iigg.fsoc.uba.ar/conflictosocial/revista/00/fernandez01.pdf>.

Use the full publication date, as it appears on the article. Do not place page numbers, these are not given in magazines in exclusively electronic format.

Wherever possible, the URL should point directly to the article.



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Departamento de Letras
Departamento de Estudios Literarios



E-books:

Use the same format as for print books and add [Electronic version] after the title.

Examples:

- a) Brzezinski, M. (2004). Fortress America: on the front lines of homeland security, an inside look at the coming surveillance state [Electronic version]. New York: Bantam Books.